

HONG KONG MIDWIVES COUNCIL EXAMINATION

香 港 助 產 士 管 理 局 考 試 ！

*Thursday,
1st April, 2010
(3 hours for Part I & Part II)*

*星期四
二〇一〇年四月一日
(第一及第二部分合共三小時)*

PART I **第一部分**

Notes to Candidates :

考 生 須 知 :

1. Answer **ALL** questions.
全部作答。
2. Read the questions carefully and answer **ONLY** what is asked.
細讀試題，限答試題所問。
3. Begin each answer on a **FRESH AND SEPARATE PAGE.**
每答一題，請用新頁。
4. Write on each line of the paper.
答案紙無需隔行。

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so.

未經准許，不可翻閱下頁

This paper consists of this page and **TWO** other printed pages.

注 意：除此封面外，此試卷共有**兩**頁。

PART I – Written Part

第一 部 分

*Answer **ALL** questions*

全部作答。

Section A

甲 部

1. Mrs Wong, a 32 years old primigravida, is admitted to the labour ward at 37 weeks gestation because of show, suspected leaking and onset of irregular abdominal pain. You have been assigned to look after Mrs. Wong. On examination, her BP is 160/110 mmHg with urine albustix 3+. Describe your management. (15 %)

黃太，一年 32 歲初孕婦，於妊娠 37 週因現血、懷疑羊水滲漏及不規則腹痛入住產房。你被委派去照顧黃太。檢查時，她的血壓為 160/110 mmHg 而小便蛋白測試為 3+。試述你對黃太的處理。 3

2. Discuss the midwives' role in pain relief during labour. (15 %)

試論助產士於分娩期鎮痛所擔當的角色。

Section B

乙 部

Write short notes on :

簡 述 :

1. Human swine flu (H1N1) in pregnancy (5%)
妊娠期人類豬流感(H1N1)感染
2. Physiological jaundice of newborn (5%)
新生嬰兒的生理性黃疸
3. Three commonly used Tocolytics and their side effects (5%)
三種常用子宮鬆弛藥物及其副作用
4. Management of shoulder dystocia (5%)
兒肩難產的處理
5. Initial management of postpartum haemorrhage due to uterine atony after delivery of placenta (5%)
胎盆娩出後因子宮無力而導致的產後出血之初步處理
6. Causes of intrauterine growth retardation (IUGR) (5%)
宮內發育遲緩的原因

E N D O F P A R T I
第 一 部 分 完 卷